Secondary ELD Lesson Template

Grade Level(s): 9 - 12

☐ Integrated ELD – Content Area  X Designated ELD

Start Smart – Constructive Conversations Day 10 - FORTIFY

Class Composition

Please record relevant student data below. Some categories may not be applicable to your class (these categories can be left blank). Most of this information can be found in MiSiS or MyData: https://mydata.lausd.net

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Student Data (1b1,1b3) - Record the number of students in each category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Students with Disabilities:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Learners:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Long Term English Learners:</td>
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<tr>
<th>English Learner Data (1b1)</th>
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Instructional Goals and Objectives (1a1)

Part # of #

CA ELD Standard(s):

Part I – Interacting in Meaningful Ways
A1: Exchanging information and ideas with others through oral collaborative discussions on a range of social and academic topics
B5: Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic contexts

Part II. How English Works
7.6 Combine clauses to make connections between and join ideas
(This connects to the ‘Fortify’ Phrase “I connect to ___ because____”)

Content Standard(s):

Content Objective(s):

ELD Objective(s):

Students will interpret a text by combining clauses to make connections to join ideas, using FORTIFY phrases (e.g., I connect to ___ because _____.etc.) by explaining their ideas to a partner and writing notes.

Academic Language Development High Impact Practice Emphasized:

☐ Using Complex Text  ☐ Fortifying Complex Output  X Fostering Academic Interactions

Key Vocabulary Words & Phrases:

Fortify
Conversation norms
Think time
Language of the skill

NOTE: We would greatly appreciate your feedback in vetting these lessons through the following link:
http://bit.ly/SECStSmFdbk
Conversation voice
Listen respectfully
Take turns
Build on each other’s ideas
Debrief

**Note:** Teachers will identify additional vocabulary words/phrases from the lesson students might have challenges with and add them to this list.

• **Say:** As we go through the lesson, I will review each of the vocabulary words we learned on Day 1. I will stop and give you time to review these in your Thinking Journal. I will also stop and review the words during the lesson. I will give you time at the end of the lesson to review the words and clarify as needed.

Teacher addresses the vocabulary list as many times as necessary and teaches the words in context. Provide time to keep going back to the Thinking Journal as necessary.

### Instructional Materials, Technology and Resources (1d2)

- Vocabulary words poster
- Visual Texts
- Conversation Norms Poster
- Listening Task Poster
- Designated ELD Placemat
- Chart Paper
- Thinking Journal (school provided)

### Lesson Structure

(1a2) Knowledge of Content Related Pedagogy / 1d1 Standards-Based Learning Activities

This lesson is intended to teach the constructive conversation skill **FORTIFY**. There are 3 parts to this lesson: 1) conversation norms, 2) revise sample conversations, and 3) review the Constructive Conversation skill **FORTIFY**.

### Lesson Introduction:

- Post and read ELD Objective(s)
- Post and review Constructive Conversation Skills Poster
- Post and review Conversation Norms Poster

*Today we are continuing with the constructive conversation skill **FORTIFY**. We will revise sample conversations to give us additional practice with the conversation skill **FORTIFY**. First, let’s review our Conversation Norms.*

Teacher points to the Conversation Norms Poster (Appendix A).

### 1. Review Conversation Norms Poster

Let’s chorally read the Conversation Norms Poster:

1. **Use your Think Time**
2. **Use the Language of the Skill**
3. **Use your Conversation Voice**

**Note:** We would greatly appreciate your feedback in vetting these lessons through the following link:

4. Listen respectfully
5. Take Turns and Build on each other’s ideas

Note: If a review of the Conversation Norms is necessary, review Day 1.

2. Revise Sample FORTIFY Conversations

Students will revise two sample conversations to improve them. The first revision will be of the Non-Model conversation. It will be revised as a Shared Writing activity, led by the teacher with the whole class. For the second revision, students will work in triads using the transcribed language sample obtained at the end of Day 8. Teacher starts by displaying (or distributing) the Non-Model (Appendix C) from Day 8.

- Say: Let’s look at the Non-Model. How can we improve this Constructive Conversation? The prompt was “What do you notice in the visual text?” and “How do you know?” Here’s the visual text (Appendix D). Read the Non-Model conversation to yourself as I read it aloud. Think about the prompt and the language of the skill FORTIFY.

A. Teacher uses the Listening Task Poster – FORTIFY (Appendices E1, E2) to guide students through an analysis of what makes this a Non-Model Constructive Conversation. See possible responses below:
   - They did not build on each other’s ideas.
   - Supporting evidence was lacking and they went off topic.

B. Revised Non-Model

This is a sample revised Non-Model (Appendix G).
   - Text indicates what the teacher should cross out as the text is being revised.
   - Bold indicates the language revised.

Teacher: In the text, I see a man throwing hay out the window. Can you give an example of what other villagers are doing, from the text?
Student: I like hayrides. They are fun!

Teacher: I notice the people in the text are wearing coats. Can you give an example from the text?
Student: I wonder if the people speak Spanish.

Teacher: I think this is taking place in Mexico a long time ago because I see a big hill, which reminds me of my family’s town. What do you notice?
Student: I notice that the people are wearing coats. Can you give another example from the text?

Teacher: People are working with tools. Say more about the tools.
Student: My dad uses tools when he works.

### Non-Model
(Appendix C)

#### Model and Non-Model Visual Text
Peasants Slaughtering a Pig by Pieter Brueghel
(Appendix D)

NOTE: We would greatly appreciate your feedback in vetting these lessons through the following link: [http://bit.ly/SECStSmFdbk](http://bit.ly/SECStSmFdbk)
herding sheep and a man and woman who appear to be having an exchange; these villagers seem to be traders or merchants.

Teacher: I think this is taking place in Mexico a long time ago because I see a big hill, which reminds me of my family’s town. What do you notice? How do those images support the idea that these villagers are traders or merchants?

Student: I notice these people are wearing coats. Strong evidence to support the idea that the villagers are traders or merchants is that we not only see barrels, herds of animals, bustling villagers, we also see fields and various homes as well as roads that are all a part of a thriving town. Can you give another example from the text?

Teacher: People are working with tools. Say more about the tools. There does seem to be a lot of activity going on in the village. People are doing all sorts of different things. For example, at the butcher’s shop there are adults and children working collaboratively with tools. Also, there are eager people awaiting their cut of meat, along with the other villagers that appear to be going on about their day.

Student: My dad uses tools when he works. I agree. Even though it is a small village, the setting, surroundings, and activities of the different villagers, along with the other things in the text resemble what we would see taking place on a daily basis in a small town anywhere in the world.

C. Refer class to revised Non-Model. Call on two student volunteers to read the conversation to the class.

D. Teacher discusses the improvements to show how responses are more elaborate, build upon each other, and how partners take turns.

E. Independently, students in triads will revise a language sample. Display the transcribed language sample collected on Day 8 on the Student Progress Form - CAT.

• Say: In triads:
  • Number off from 1 – 3.
  • Read the language sample in your triad.
  • Orally revise the language sample to improve the conversation.
  • Use the prompt and response starters for FORTIFY (See Designated ELD Placemat – Appendix F).
  • Write the revision in your Thinking Journal.
  • Be prepared to share out to the class.

F. Share out: after each triad shares their revision, teacher points to the Listening Task Poster – FORTIFY prompting the class to review the triad’s work. This ensures that the class critically examines the revisions and

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sees how the academic language is improving.

3. Review Constructive Conversation Skill - FORTIFY
Review with students the Constructive Conversation skill FORTIFY to ensure students understand the language needed to FORTIFY ideas.

- **Say:** Let’s review the FORTIFY skill. When we FORTIFY, we make our ideas stronger. We also communicate ideas as we learn from each other.

Teacher refers to Listening Task Poster for FORTIFY (Appendix E) and reads each step aloud.

- **Say:** We’ve looked at the Listening Task Poster to help guide us through the conversations. There are 5 steps (teacher reads through them). This poster is intended to help us monitor and improve our academic language.

Teacher refers to the Designated ELD Placemat (Appendix F). An additional prompt resource is the Constructive Conversation Skills poster(s). Looking specifically at the FORTIFY row, the teacher reviews the prompts for starting and responding to FORTIFY ideas.

Emphasize that we use FORTIFY response starters to cite textual evidence and lend support to our ideas. We also usually end a sentence with a prompt starter to keep the conversation flowing, enticing others to provide examples or textual evidence that supports their ideas.

### Assessment 1e2 Planning Assessment Criteria
Use formative assessments to determine the following:

To what extent are students ...? (e.g.: To what extent are students… using think time, taking turns, and using their conversation voice?)

How might your students improve their ...? (e.g.: How might your students improve their… respectful listening skills, collaborative discussions?)

How effectively do students ...? (e.g.: How effectively do students… evaluate the Model and Non-Model, use the language of the skill?)

What additional scaffolds and/or modifications might students need when I reteach these skills?

**Note:** The above are sample question stems to help teachers in planning their formative assessments.

### Formative Assessments/Language Analysis Tools:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT</strong></th>
<th><strong>Purpose of assessment:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Informal observation of discussions regarding the revision of Non-Model sample conversations</td>
<td>The purpose of the teacher observing student discussions as they revise the Non-Model is to help gauge the students’ understanding as they move towards increased academic language production. Students will have two opportunities to revise a Non-Model conversation allowing the teacher to correct any possible misunderstandings. How might the teacher help those students who are struggling with language?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WRAP-UP**

**Review Objectives and Self-Evaluate**

Teacher will review objective.

*Today we reviewed the Constructive Conversation Skill FORTIFY, and revised Non-Model*

**NOTE:** We would greatly appreciate your feedback in vetting these lessons through the following link:

Teacher will ask students the following:

- How did we meet today’s objective of revising conversations?

Work with your partner to do the following:

- Identify three things that you did to meet today’s objective.
- Share and explain the three things to your partner.

Teacher calls on three students to share their learning with the class.
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Teacher: In the text, I see a man throwing hay out the window.
Student: I like hayrides. They are fun!

Teacher: I notice the people in the text are wearing coats. Can you give an example from the text?
Student: I wonder if the people speak Spanish.

Teacher: I think this is taking place in Mexico a long time ago because I see a big hill, which reminds me of my family’s town. What do you notice?
Student: I notice that the people are wearing coats. Can you give another example from the text?

Teacher: People are working with tools. Say more about the tools.
Student: My dad uses tools when he works.
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APPENDIX E1
(Listening Task Poster - FORTIFY - Teacher Version)

1. Did they take turns sharing their ideas?

2. Did they support their ideas with evidence?

3. Did they stay on topic?

4. Did they build on each other's ideas?

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### Constructive Conversation Secondary Placemat – Designated ELD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Features of Conversations with Hand Motions</th>
<th>Prompts for Using the Features</th>
<th>Prompts for Responding</th>
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</table>
| **Create**  
(Put hands over head, open and close them, as if an idea is coming out of your head) | **A**  
- What do you notice?  
- What is your idea?  
- What are other points of view?  
- I wonder...?  
- How can we combine these ideas? | **B**  
- I notice...  
- Another idea is...  
- This reminds me of...  
- I connect to ______ because... |
| **Clarify**  
(Place hands over eyes as if focusing binoculars) | **A**  
- Can you elaborate on...?  
- Can you clarify _____?  
- What do you mean by _____?  
- Say more about _____?  
- Why, How, What, When... | **B**  
- I think it means...  
- In other words...  
- More specifically, it is... because...  
- In other words, you are saying that... |
| **Fortify**  
(Place your hand palm down as if putting an idea on the table, and use the fingertips of the other hand to support the palm) | **A**  
- Can you give an example from the text?  
- Where in the text does it say that?  
- Are there any cases in real life?  
- How does it support the idea? | **B**  
- For example,  
- In the text it said...  
- Remember from the text we read  
- An example from my life is...  
- Strong supporting evidence is... |
| **Negotiate**  
(Put your hands out by your shoulders, palm up. Move them up and down like a scale) | **A**  
- How are the 2 ideas similar/different?  
- Which has the strongest evidence?  
- How can we decide which has the more _____ idea?  
- How is that evidence stronger than this evidence? | **B**  
- _______ is strong evidence because...  
- I think we can use the criteria of ... because...  
- That is a valid point, but...  
- I think the negative of... outweighs the positives of... |

Modified from: Zwiers, O’Hara, & Pritchard (2014)

Note: For additional language prompts, please refer to the Conversation Skills Poster.
Teacher: In the text, I see a man throwing hay out the window. *Can you give an example of what other villagers are doing, from the text?*

Student: I like hayrides. They are fun! *I see several villagers loading barrels onto a horse-drawn cart making them ready to transport. Can you provide another example from the text?*

Teacher: I notice people in the text are wearing coats. *In the text, I notice villagers filling the barrels with some kind of yellow-orange product. It makes me believe they are preparing the barrels for sale. They are loading them onto the carts so they can be delivered. Can you give another example from the text?*

Student: I wonder if the people speak Spanish? *In the text, I see villagers herding sheep and a man and woman who appear to be having an exchange; these villagers seem to be traders or merchants.*

Teacher: I think this is taking place in Mexico a long time ago because I see a big hill, which reminds me of my family’s town. What do you notice? *How do those images support the idea that these villagers are traders or merchants?*

Student: I notice these people are wearing coats. *Strong evidence to support the idea that the villagers are traders or merchants is that we not only see barrels, herds of animals, bustling villagers, we also see fields and various homes as well as roads that are all a part of a thriving town. Can you give another example from the text?*

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Student: My dad uses tools when he works. *I agree. Even though it is a small village, the setting, surroundings, and activities of the different villagers, along with the other things in the text resemble what we would see taking place on a daily basis in a small town anywhere in the world.*

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